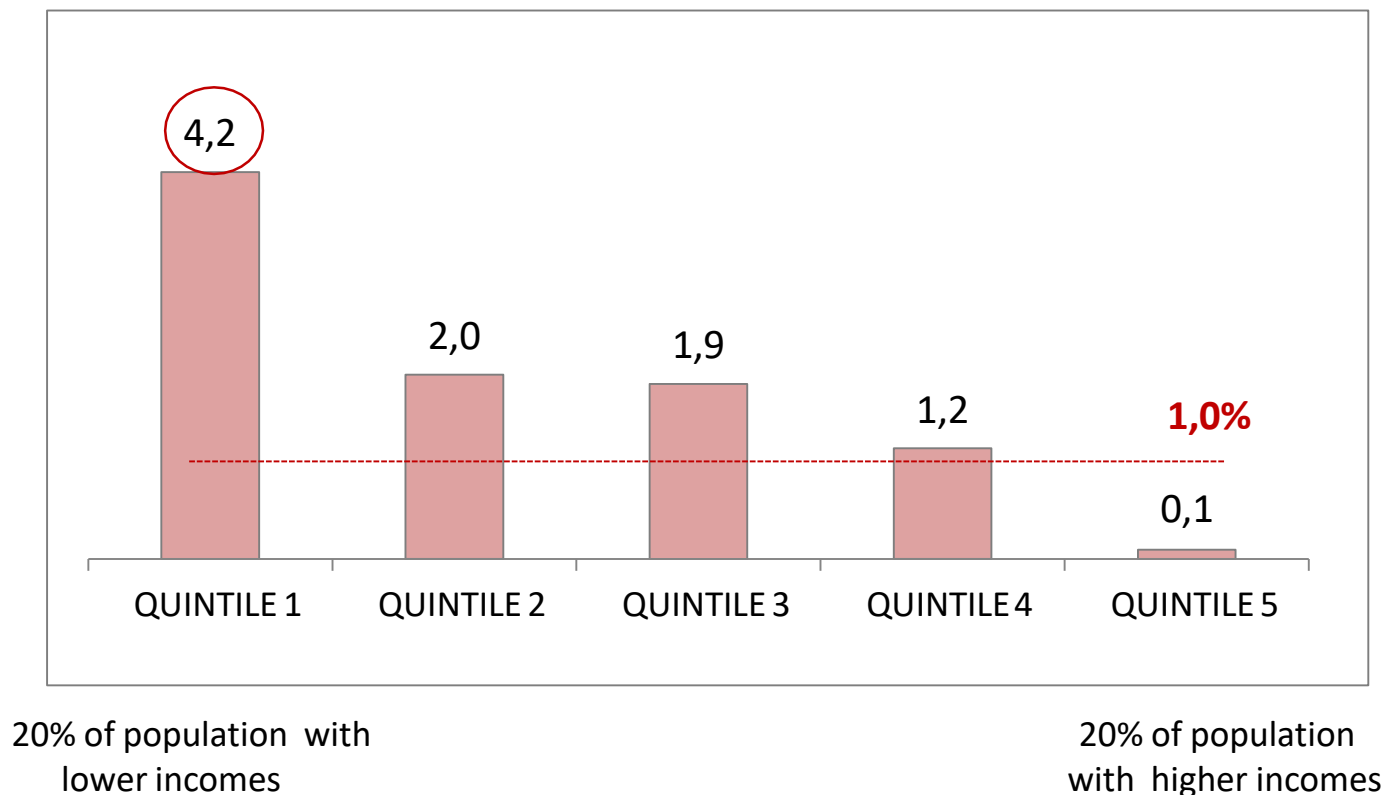




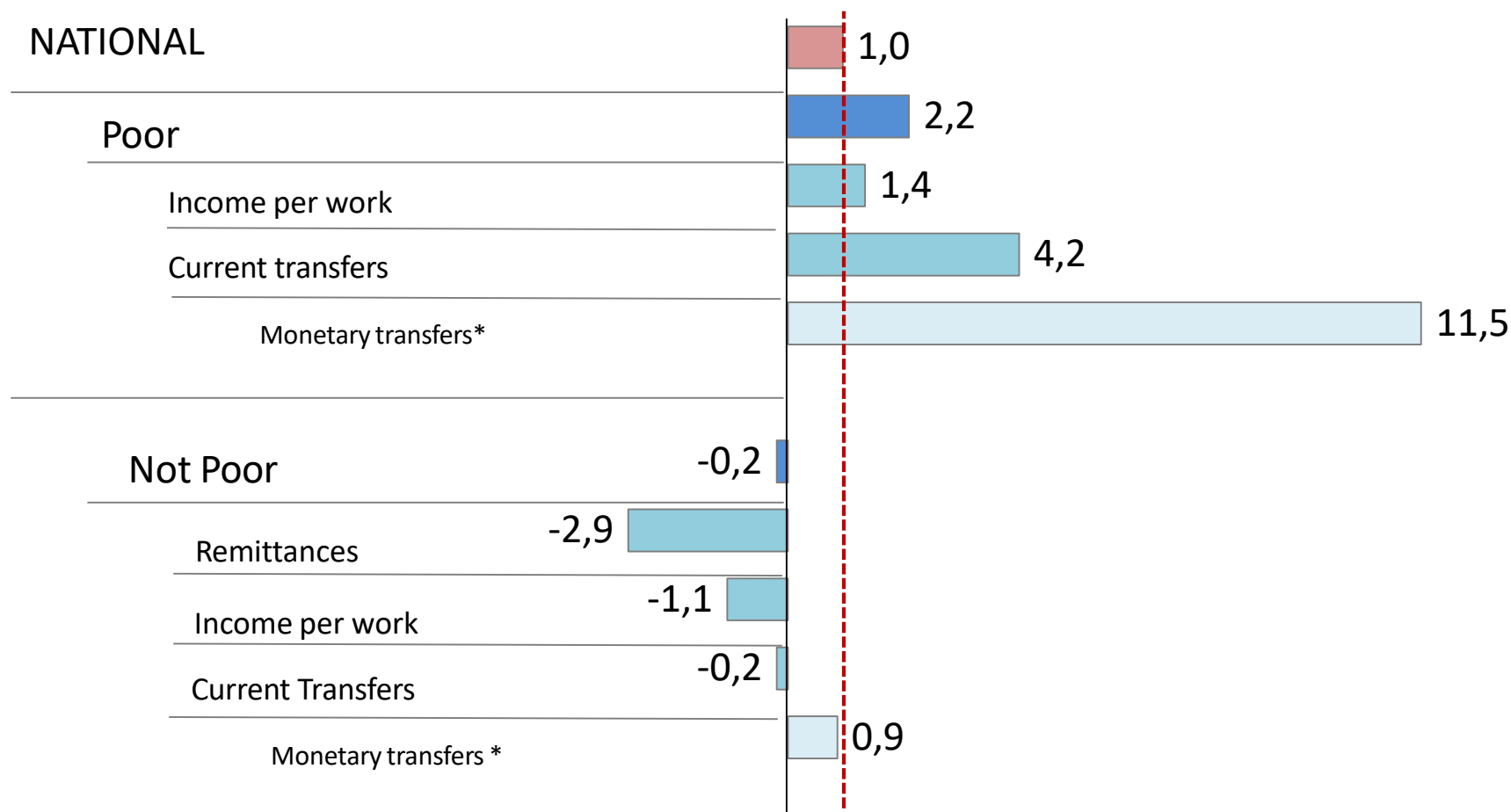
EVOLUTION OF MONETARY POVERTY IN PERU AS OF 2014

April , 2015

Percentage variation of the Income by Quintiles, 2014 / 2013



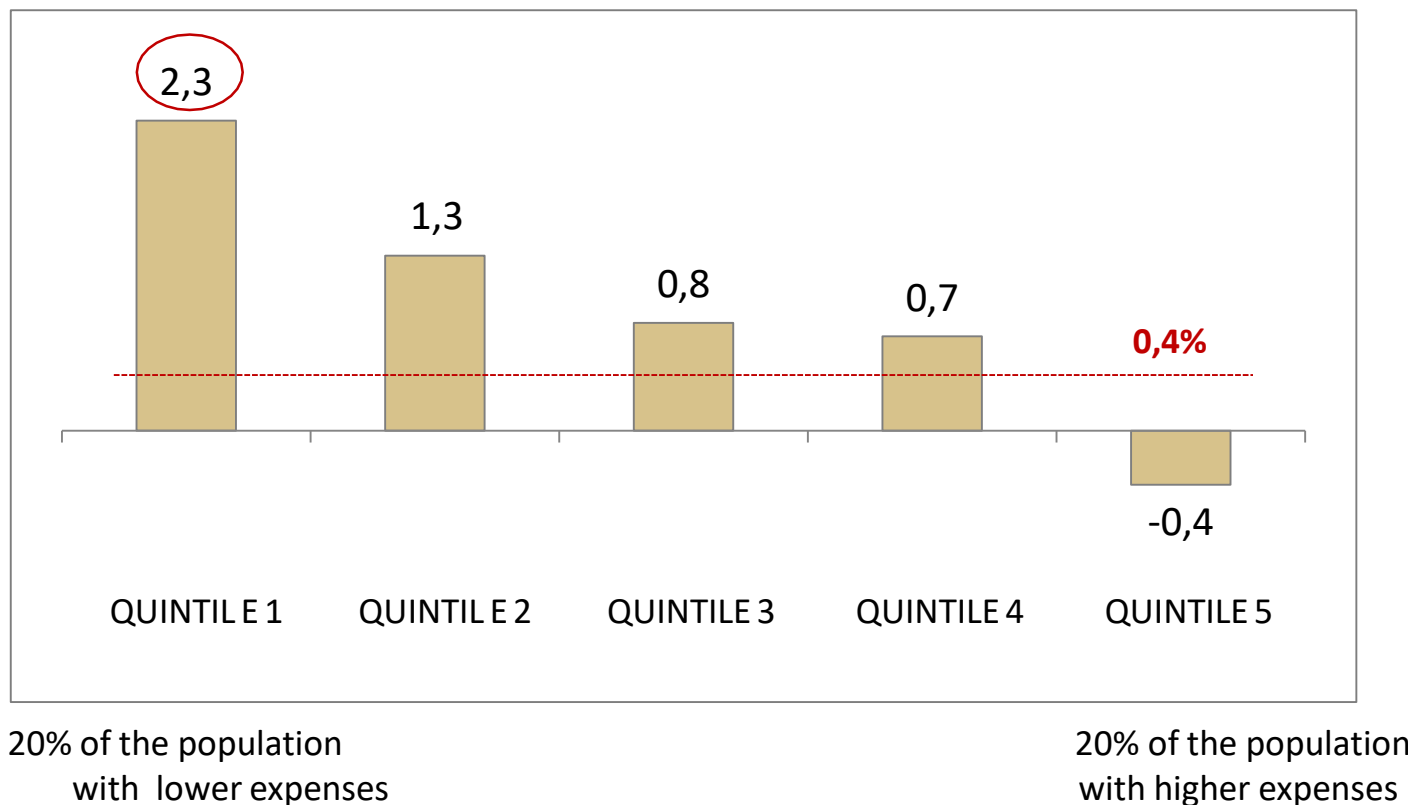
Percentage Variation of the Monthly Average Income Per Capita, by poverty condition, 2014 / 2013



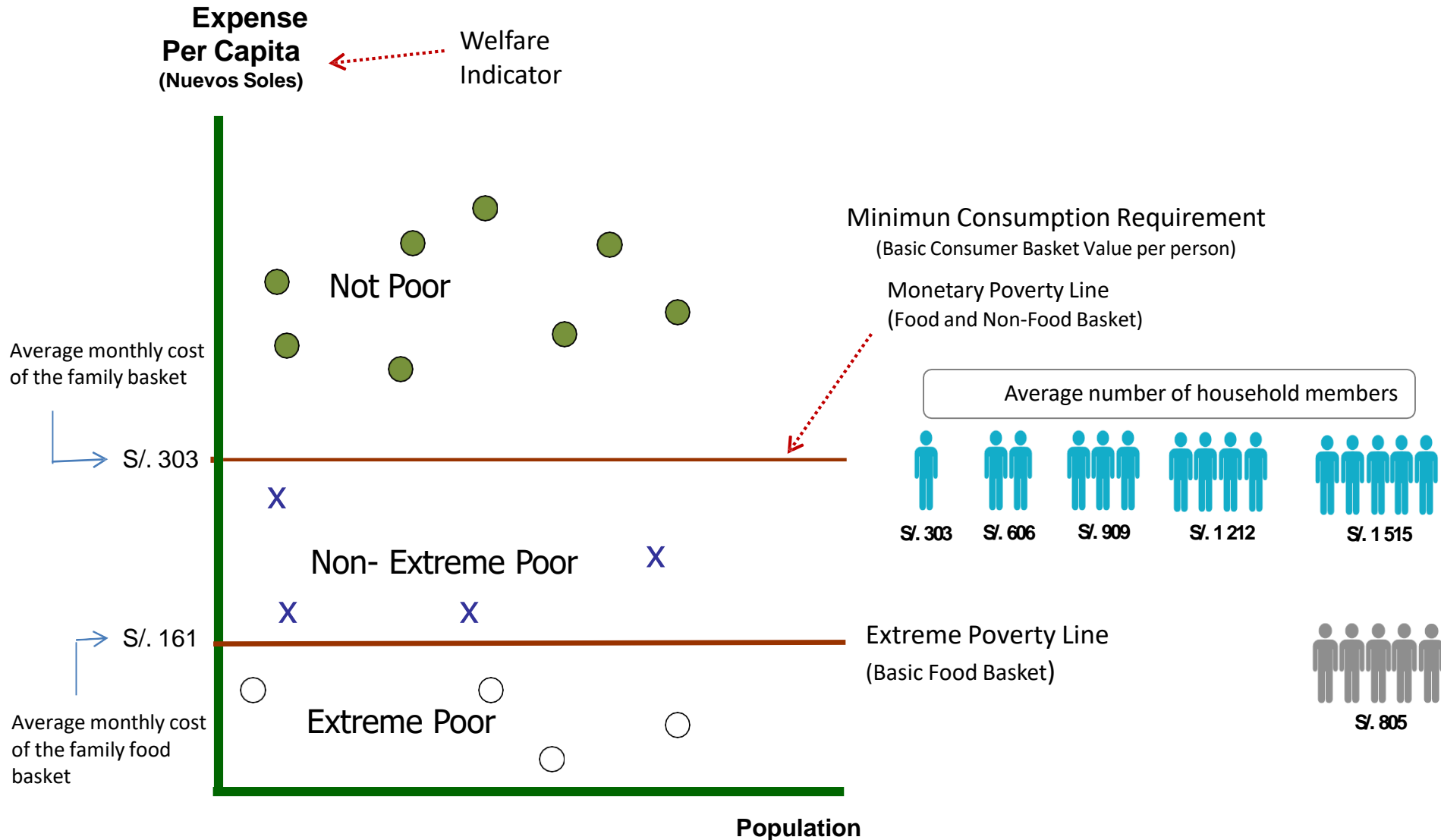
• Comprisses: Transferences JUNTOS, PENSIÓN 65, BONO GAS, BECA 18

Source: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics – National Household Survey

Percentage variation of the Expense per Quintiles, 2014 / 2013



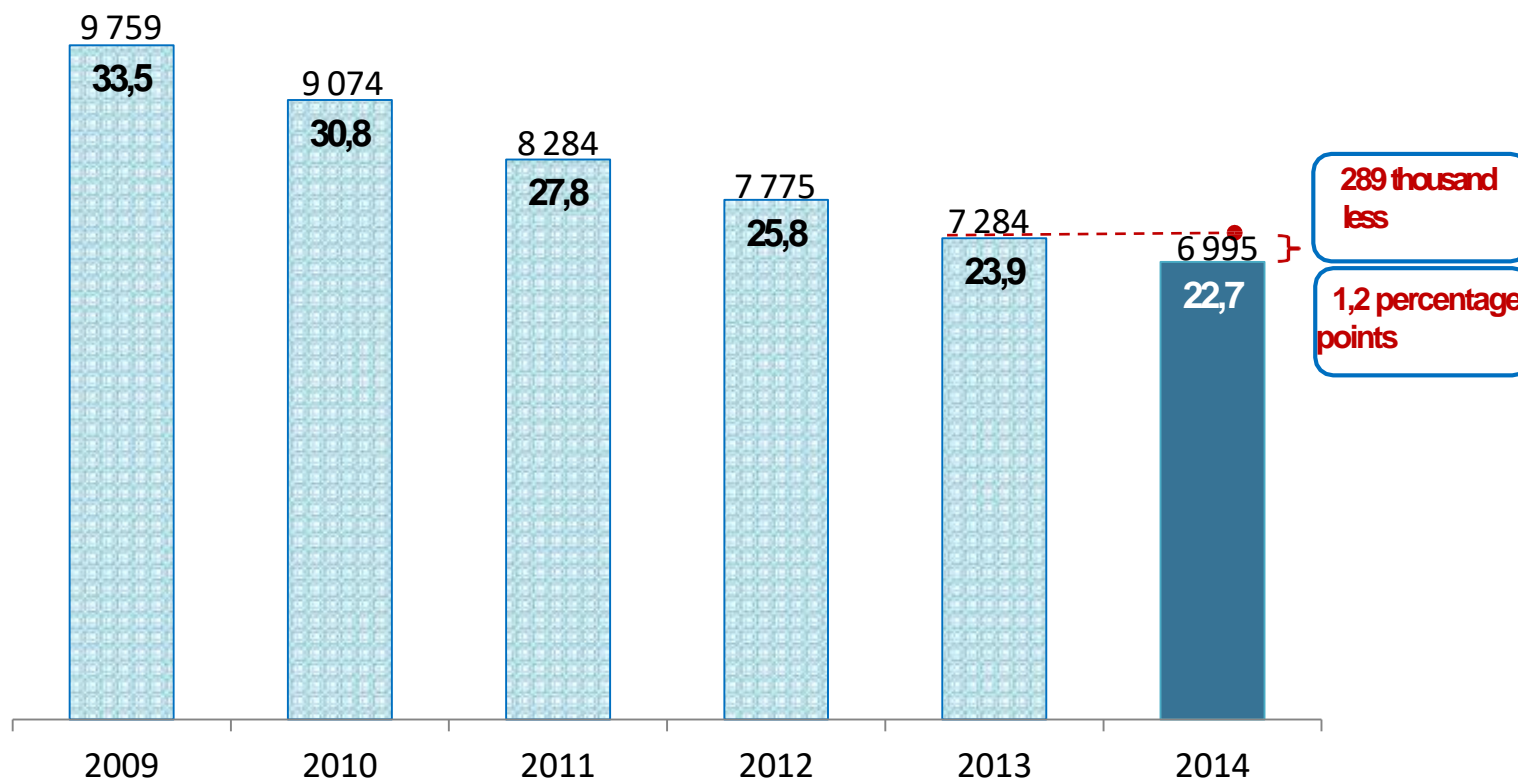
Monetary Poverty Measurement



In order to carry out daily activities, a person needs to ingest 2,119 calories per day.
The average monthly cost, in the year 2014, of these calories (food basket) is of S/. 161

Incidence of Monetary Poverty de la Pobreza Monetaria, 2009 – 2014

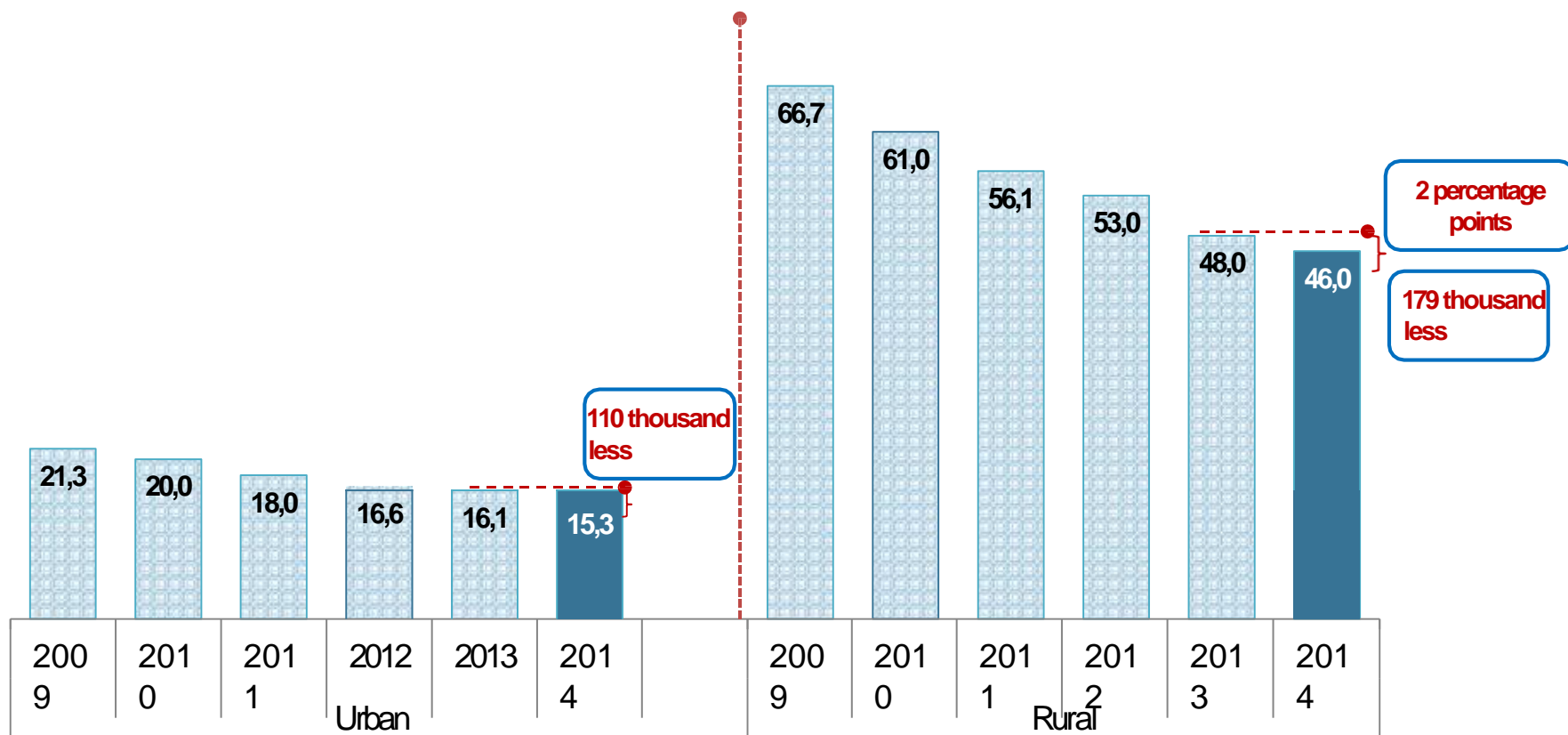
(Miles)



Source: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics –National Household Survey, 2009 – 2014.

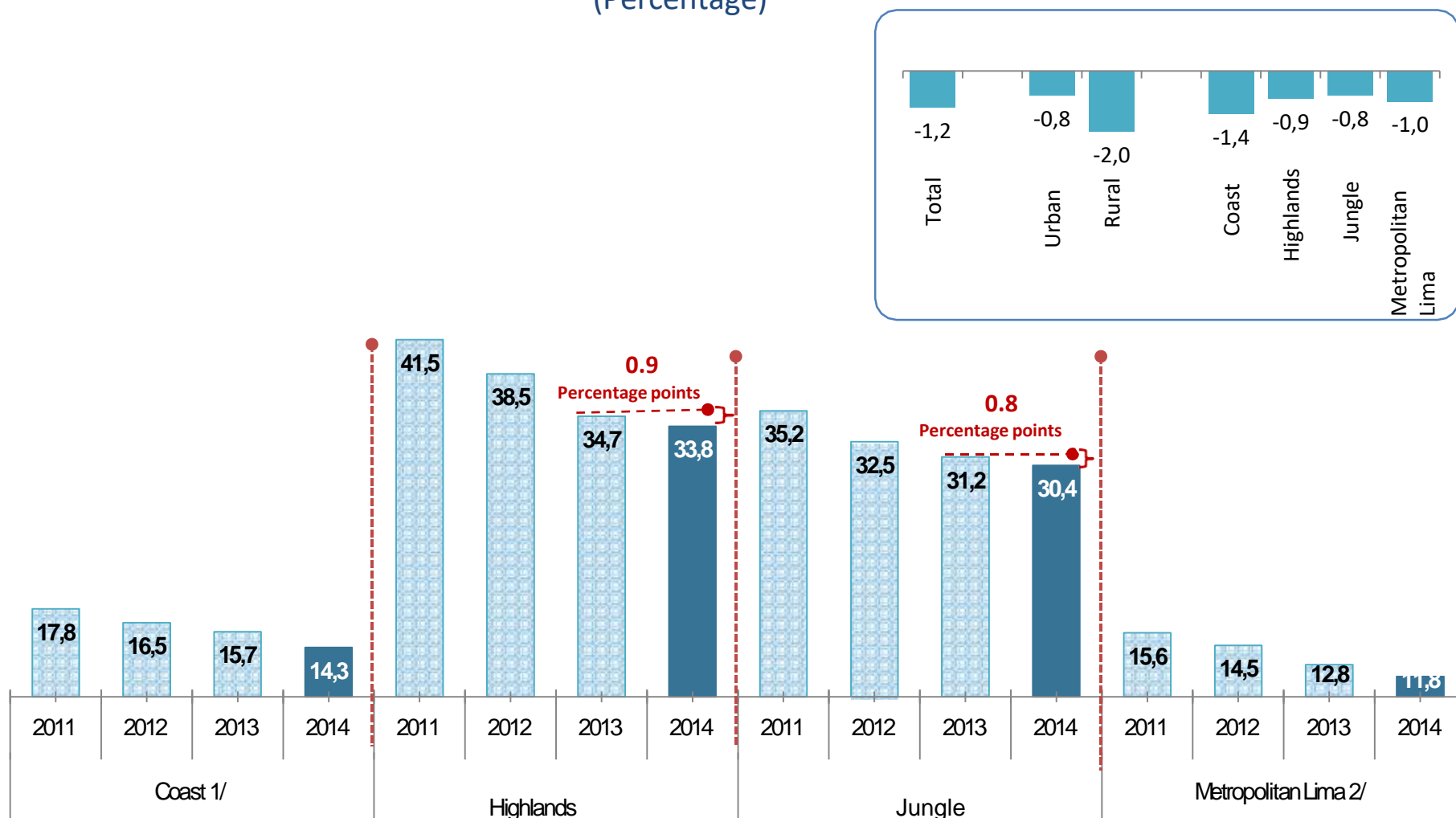
Incidence of Monetary Poverty by Residence Area, 2009-2014

(Percentage)



Incidence of Monetary Poverty by Geographic Area, 2011-2014

(Percentage)



1/ Includes Metropolitan Lima

2/ Comprisses the provinces of Lima and Callao.

Source: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics – National Household Survey, 2011 – 2014.

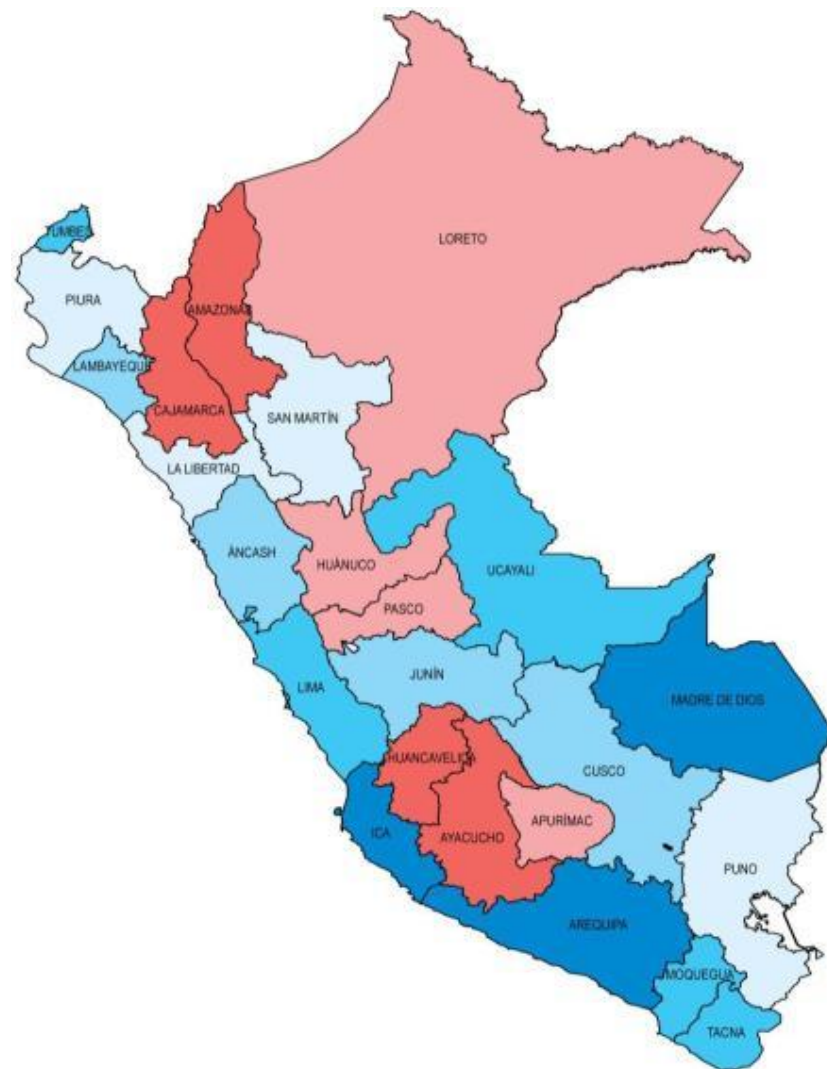
Groups of Departamentos with Similar Statistics Poverty Levels, 2014

Semejantes Estadísticamente, 2014

Año 2014

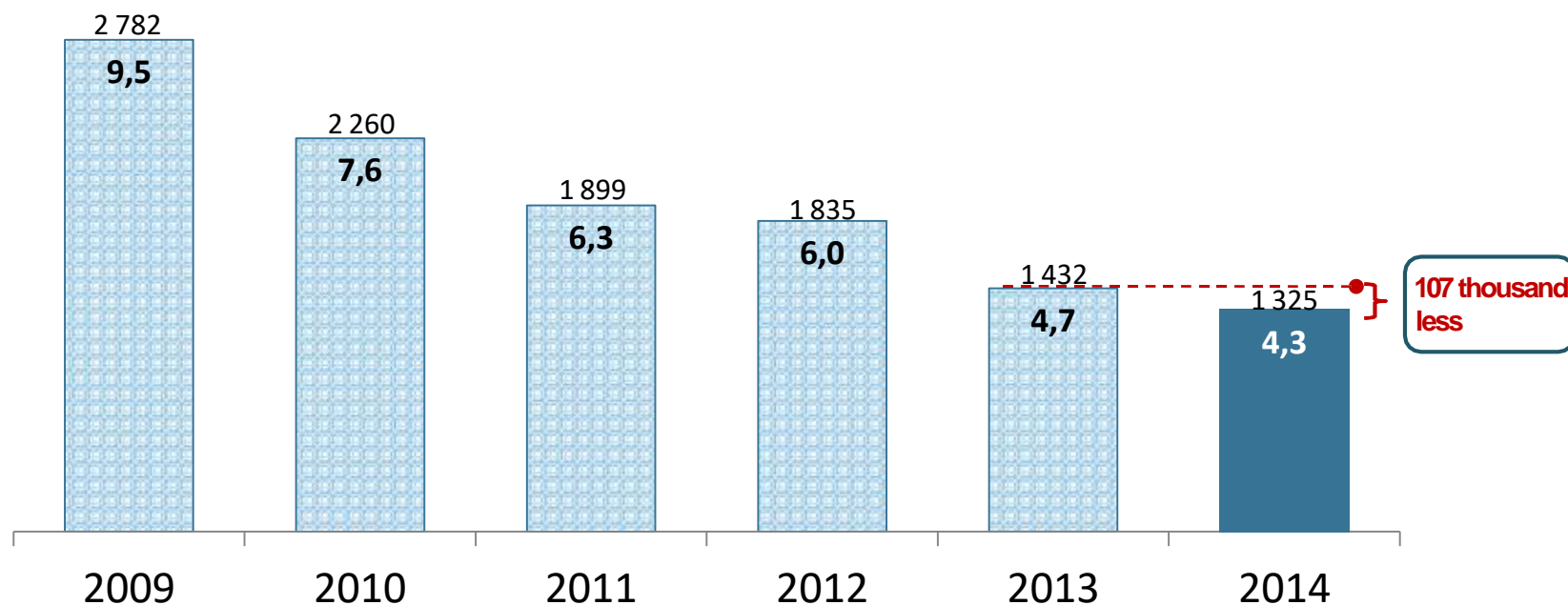
Grupo	Departamentos	Intervalos
1	Amazonas, Ayacucho, Cajamarca, Huancavelica	47,4 - 52,3
2	Apurímac, Huánuco, Loreto, Pasco	35,2 - 42,6
3	La Libertad, Piura, Puno, San Martín	27,4 - 32,8
4	Áncash, Cusco, Junín, Lambayeque	18,2 - 24,7
5	Lima ^{1/} , Moquegua, Tacna, Tumbes, Ucayali	11,8 - 15,0
6	Arequipa, Ica, Madre de Dios	2,5 - 7,8

1/ : Incluye la Provincia Constitucional del Callao



Incidence of Extreme Monetary Poverty, 2009-2014

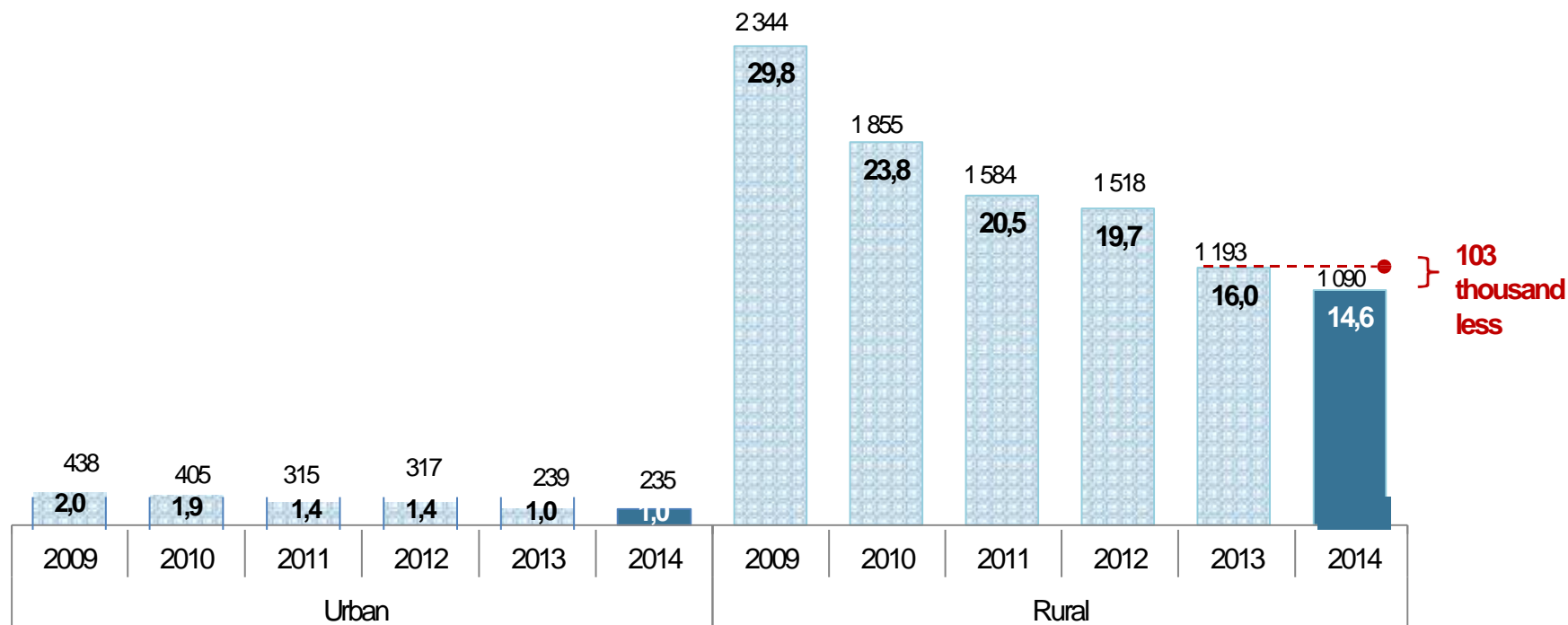
(Thousands)



Source: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics –National Household Survey, 2009 – 2014.

Incidence of Extreme Monetary Poverty by Residence Area, 2009 - 2014

(Percentage)

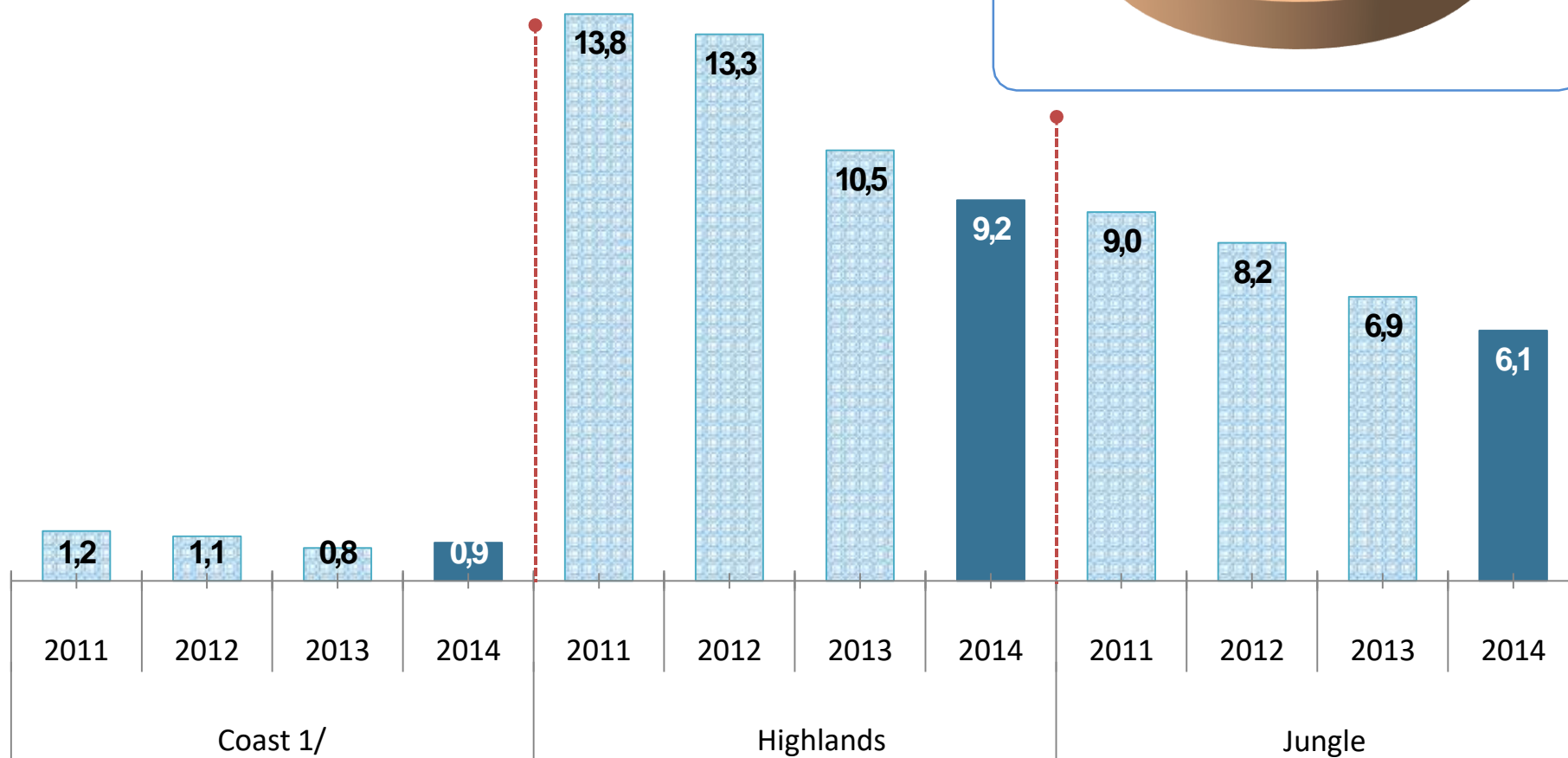
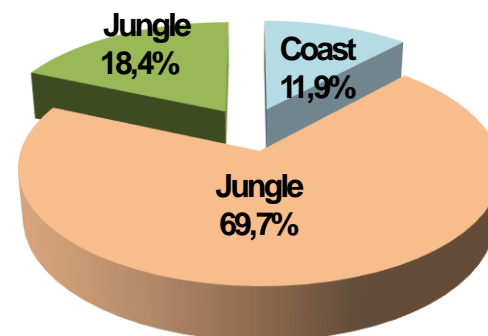


Source: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics –National Household Survey, 2009 – 2014.

Incidence of Extreme Monetary Poverty by Natural Region, 2011-2014

(Percentage)

Year 2014: Natural Regions



1/ Includes Metropolitan Lima.

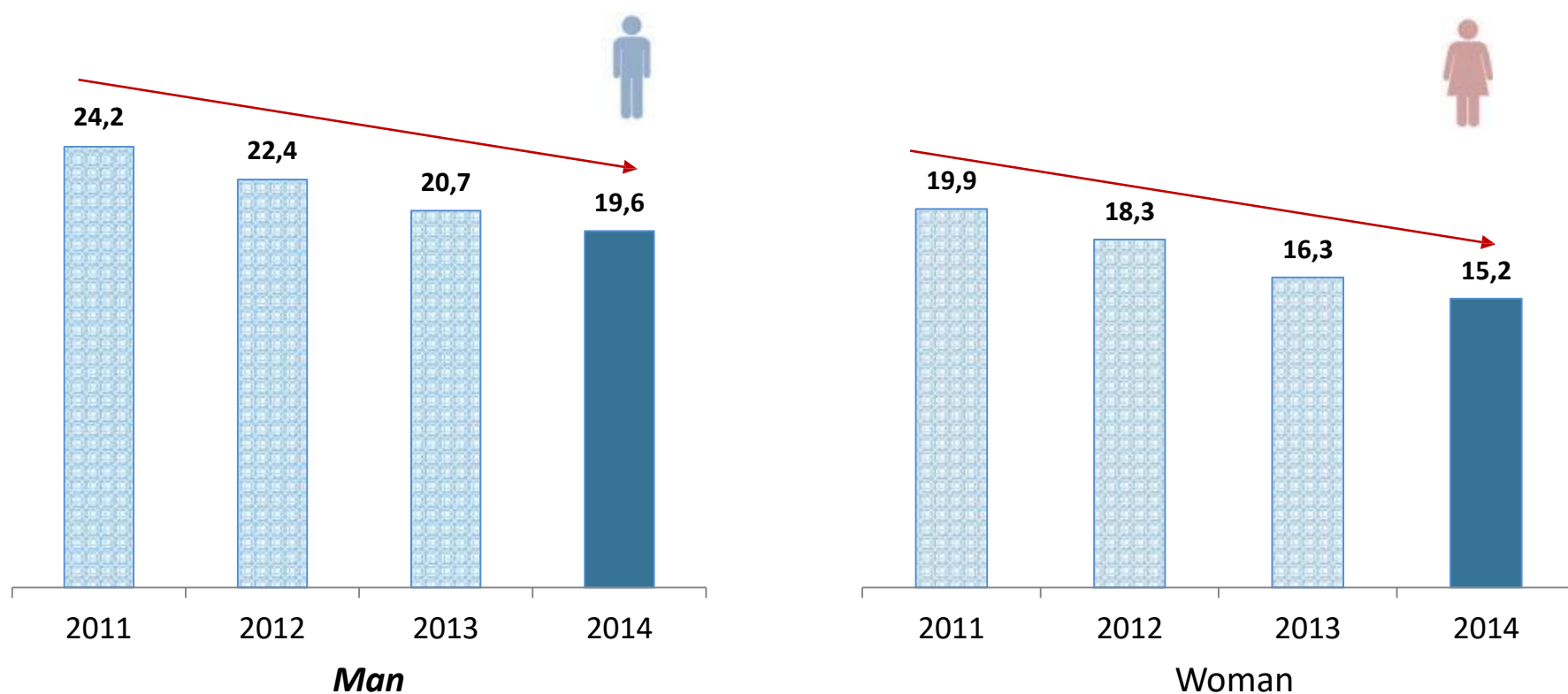
Source: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics –National Household Survey, 2011 – 2014.



Profile of Poor People

Poor Households by Household Head, 2011-2014

(Percentage)

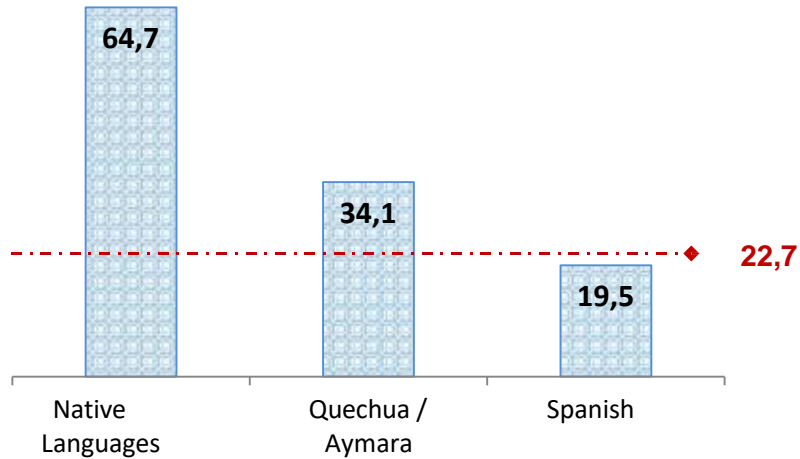


Source: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics –National Household Survey, 2011 – 2014.

Profile of Poor People

INCIDENCE OF POVERTY BY NATIVE LANGUAGE, 2014

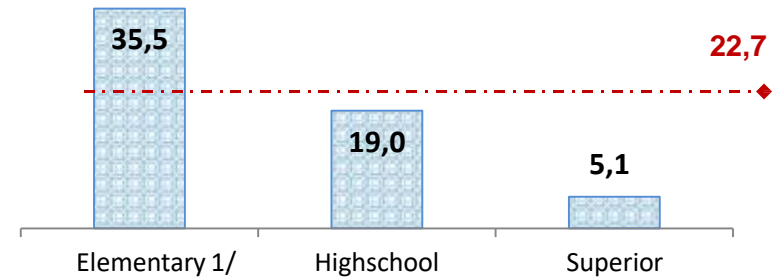
(Percentage)



1/
1/ Comprisses from Amazonian languages such as Shipibo, Asháninka, among others.

EDUCATIONAL LEVEL OF POOR POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS OLDS AND OVER, 2014

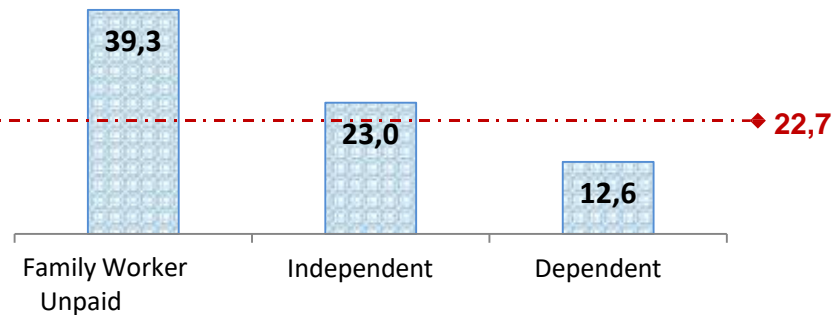
(Percentage)



1/ Includes those that have early childhood or those that do not have any education level.

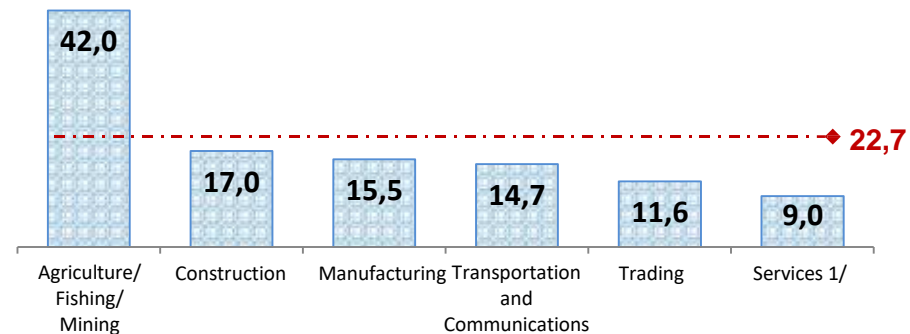
CATEGORY OF OCUPATION OF POOR EMPLOYED POPULATION, 2014

(Percentage)



BRANCH OF ECONOMY ACTIVITY OF POOR EMPLOYED POPULATION, 2014

(Percentage)



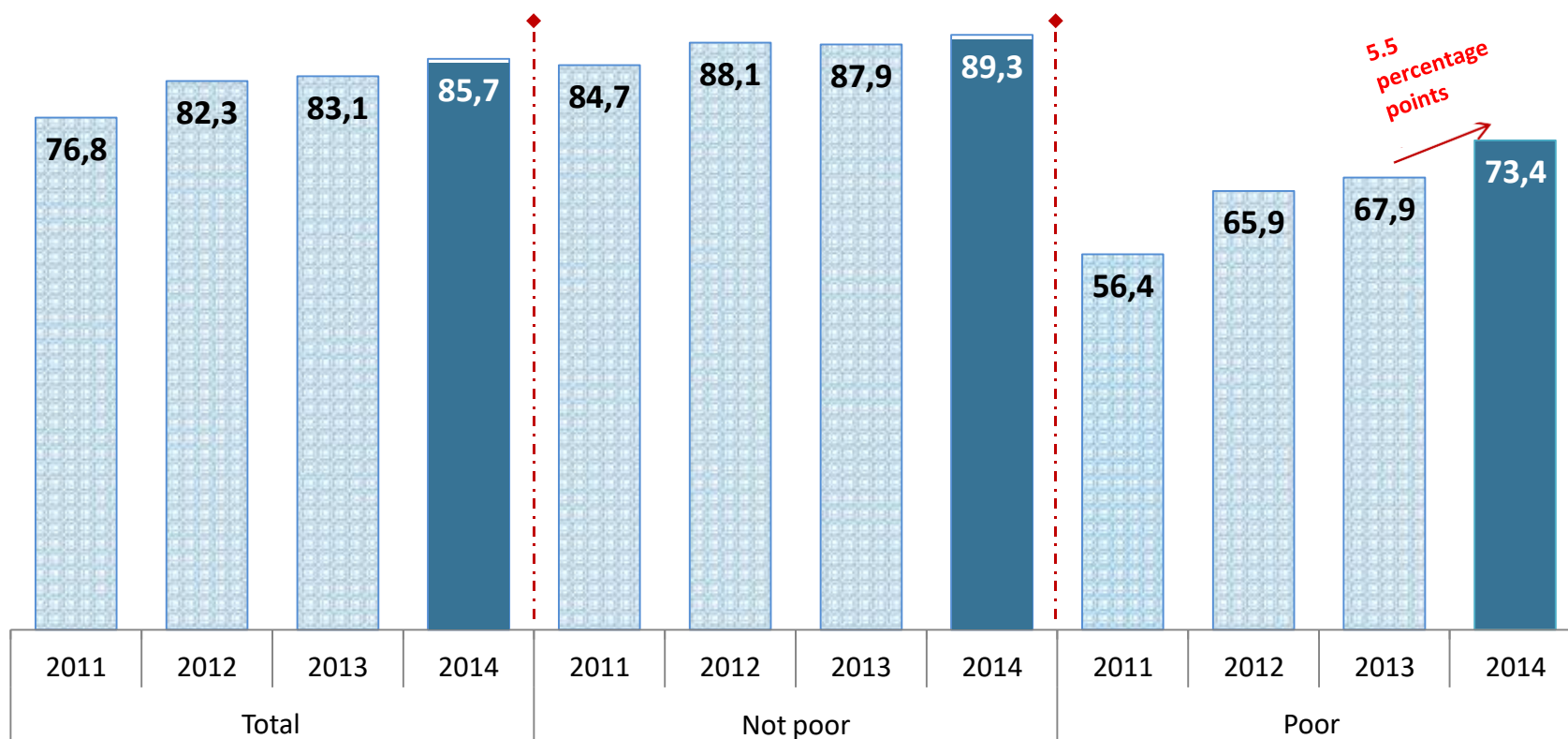
1/ Comprisses activities: Services, gas and electricity, Restaurantes, Public Sector, Health, Education, etc.



Evolution of Living Conditions of the Population

Population with Access to Water, According to Monetary Poverty Condition, 2011 -2014

(Percentage)

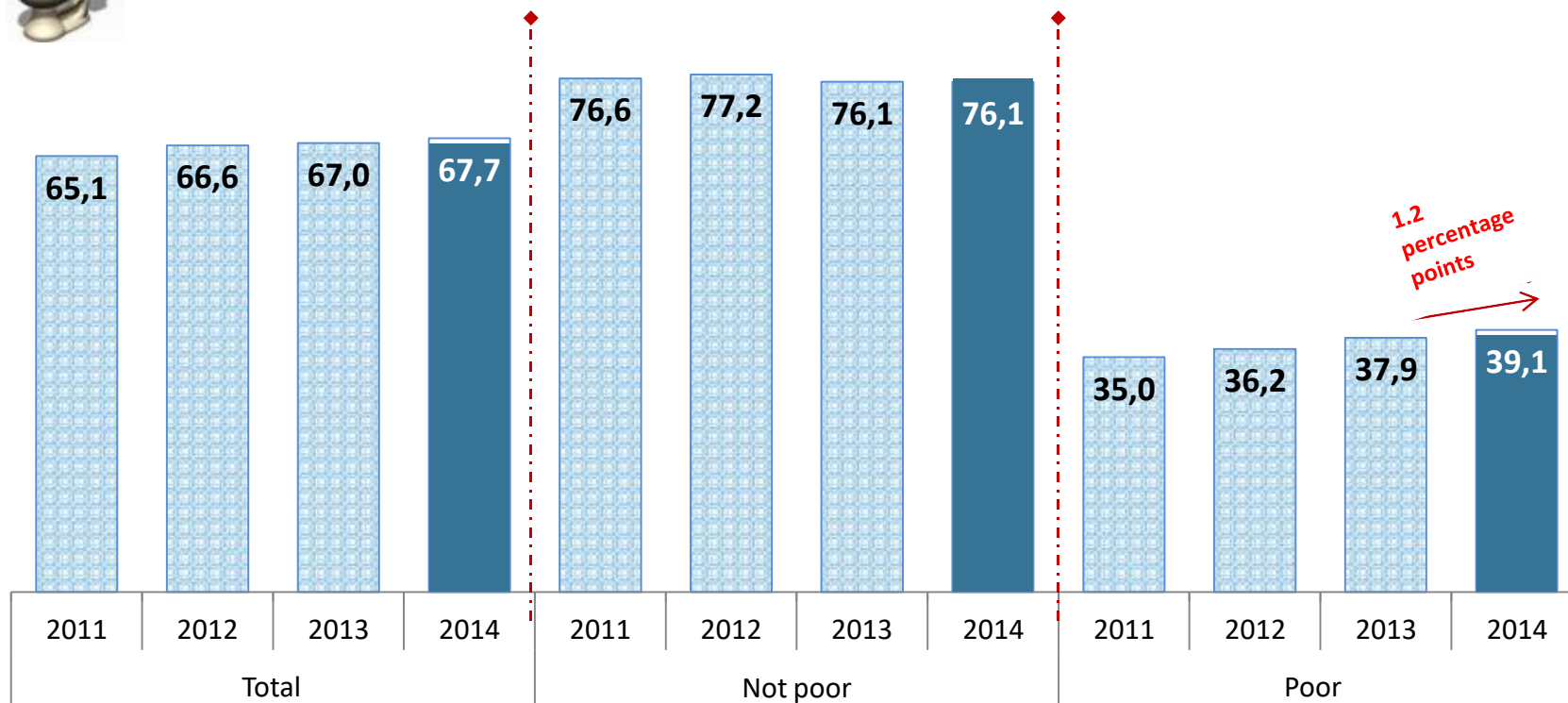


Note: Water Supply: Includes water by public network inside the household, public network outside the household but inside the building and pylon of public use.

Source: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics – National Household Survey, 2011 – 2014.

Population with toilet facilities by Public Network, By condition of Monetary Poverty, 2011 - 2014

(Percentage)

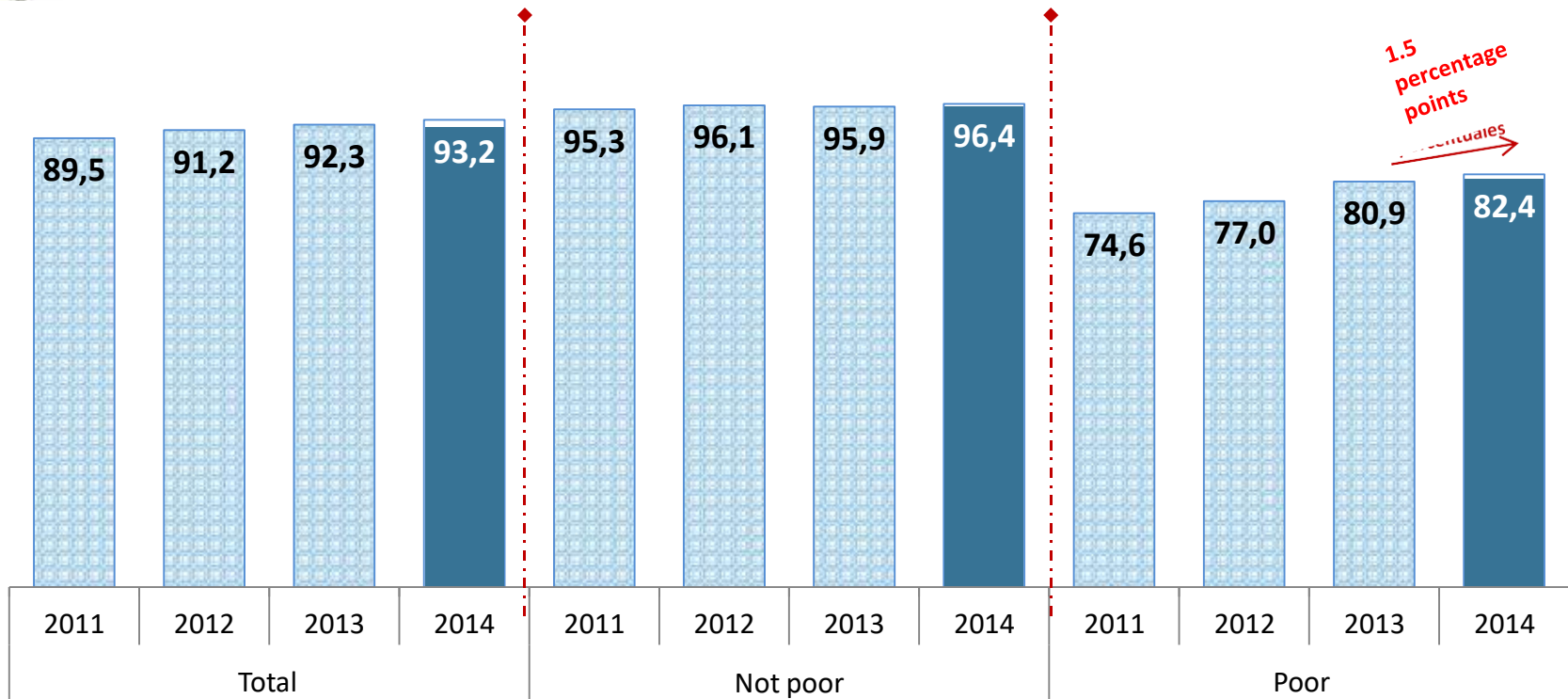


Note: Toilet Services: Includes sewerage by public network inside the household and sewerage by public network outside the household but inside the building

Source: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics – National Household Survey, 2011 – 2014.

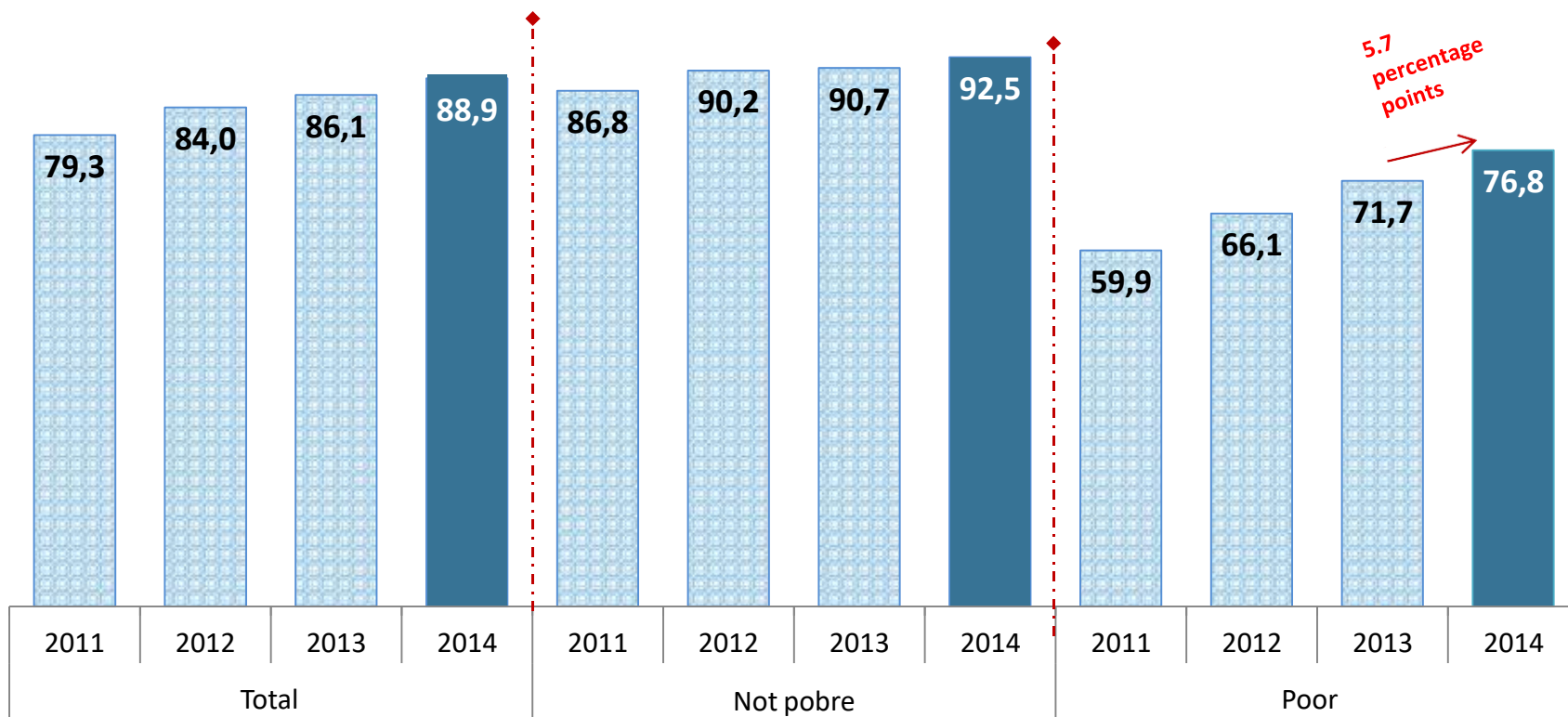
Population with Electric Lighting, by Monetary Poverty Condition, 2011 - 2014

(Percentage)



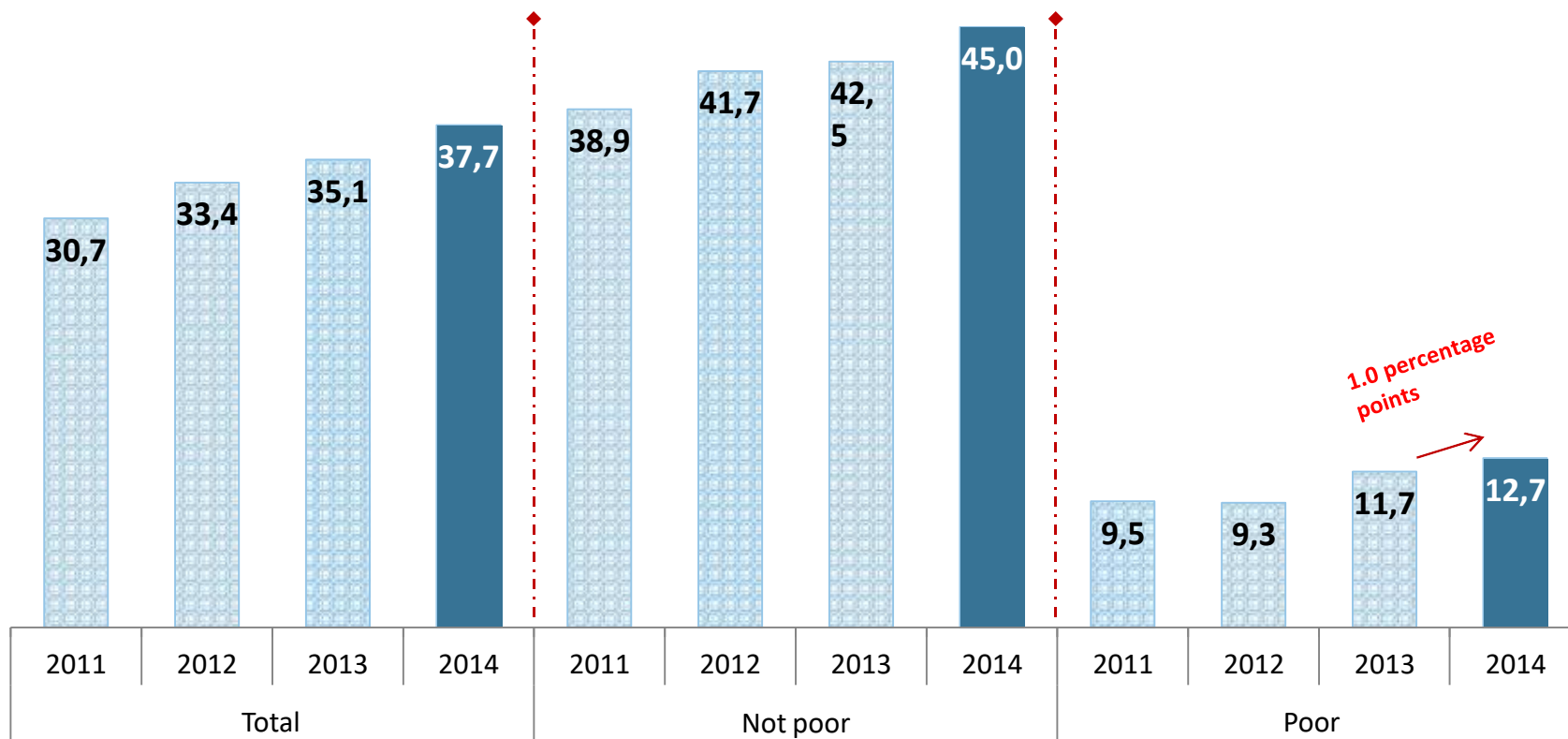
Population with Access to Mobile Telephony , by Monetary Poverty Condition, 2011-2014

(Percentage)



Population with Access to Cable Television, by Monetary Poverty Condition, 2011 - 2014

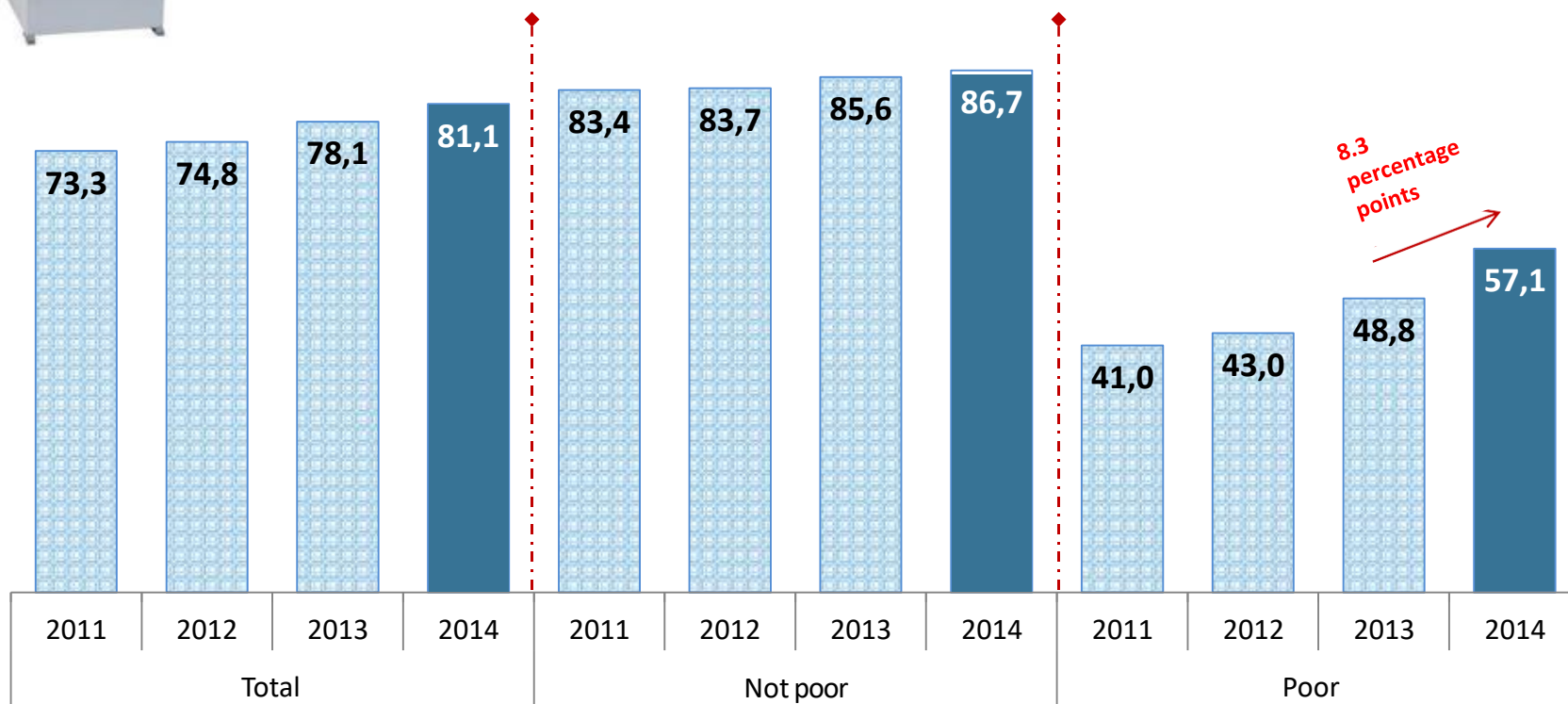
(Percentage)



Source: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics – National Household Survey, 2011 – 2014

Households with Gas Cooker, by Monetary Poverty Condition, 2011-2014

(Percentage)

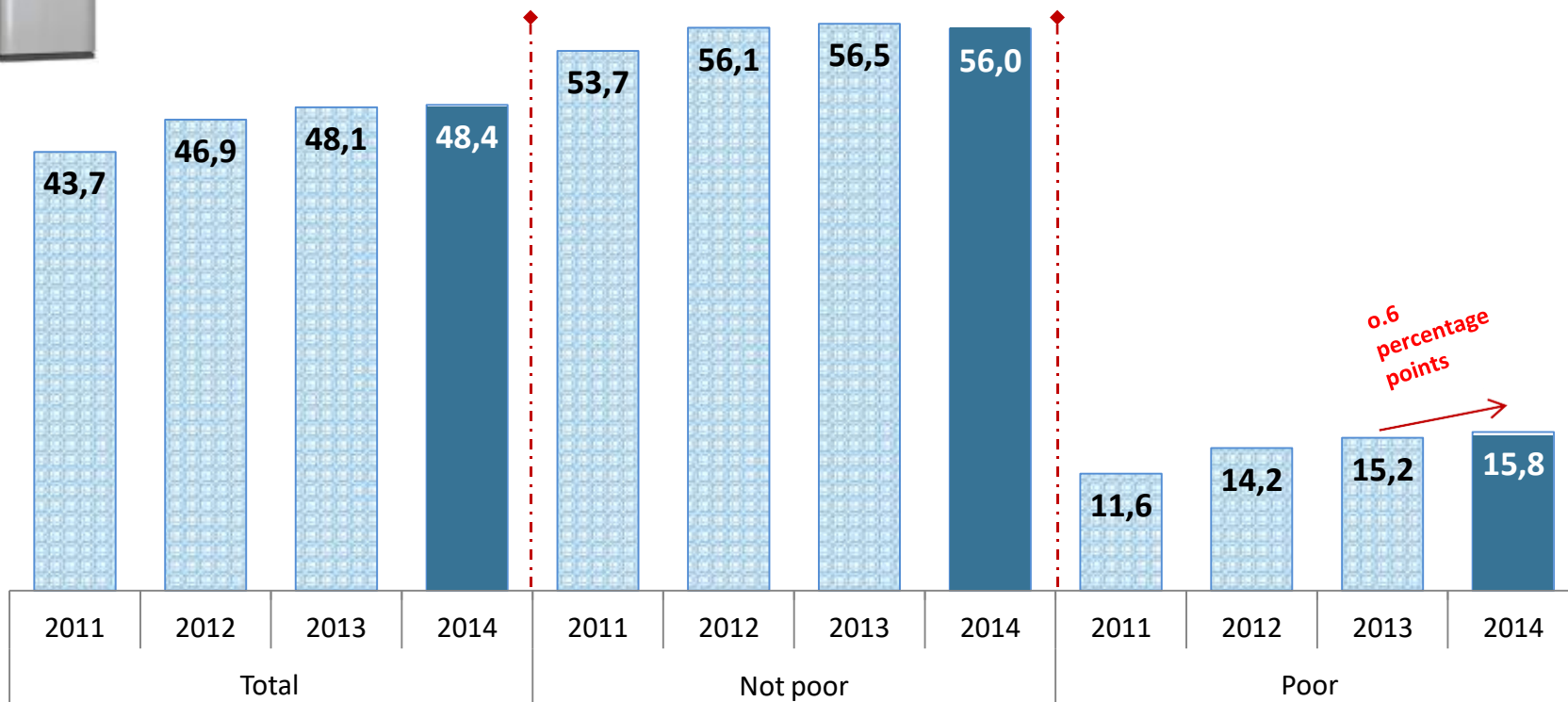


Source: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics – National Household Survey, 2011 – 2014

Hogares con Refrigeradora, según Condición de Pobreza Monetaria, 2011-2014

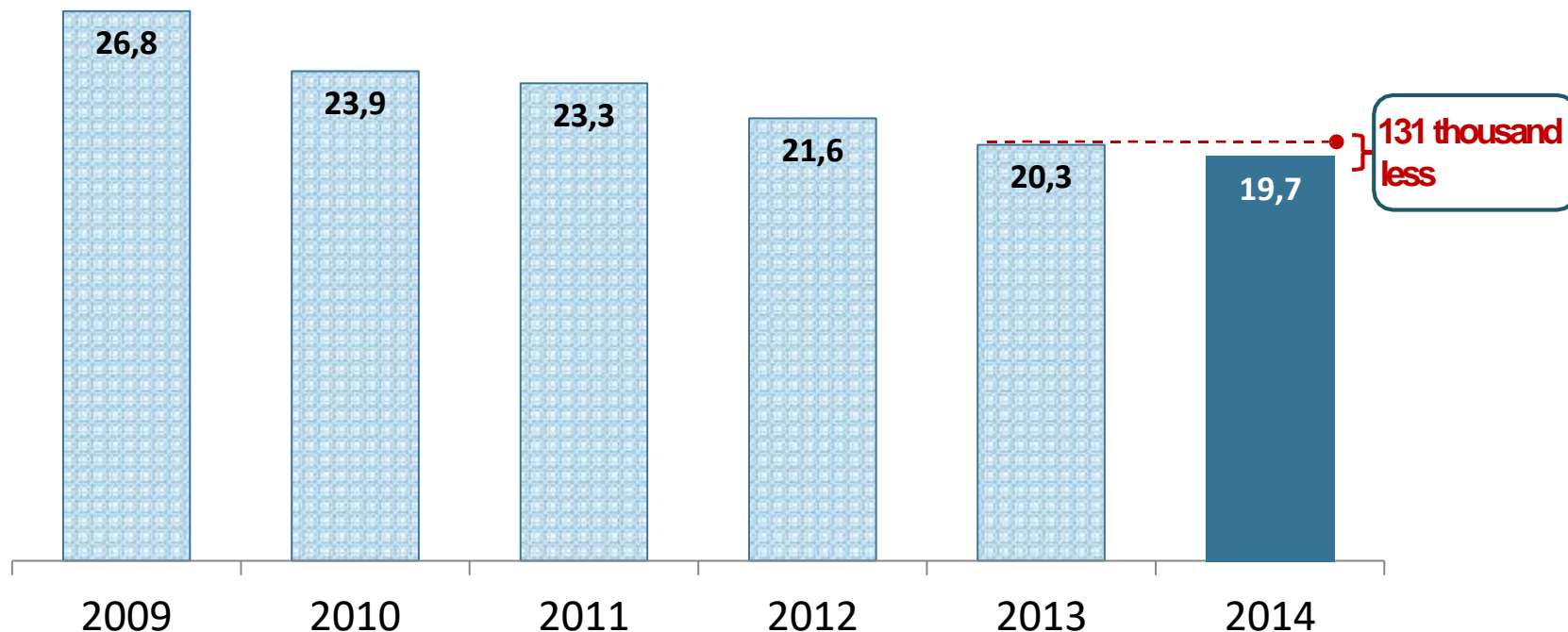
Households with Refrigerator, by Monetary Poverty Condition, 2011-2014

(Percentage)



Incidence of Poverty of the Population with at least one Unsatisfied Basic Need, 2009 - 2014

(Percentage of the total population)



Source: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics – National Household Survey, 2011 – 2014.

